MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET OF CYPERMETHRIN 25% EC

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE / PREPARATION:

Common Name	Cypermethrin
Chemical Name	(RS)-Alpha-Cyano-3-phenoxybenzyl (1, RS)-cis
	Trans-3-(2,2-dichlorovinyl)-2,2-dimethyl cyclopropane
	Carboxylate.
Empirical Formula	$C_{22}H_{19}Cl_2NO_3$
Intended Use	Insecticide
Pesticide Family	Pyrethroids
Manufactured By	JAI SHREE RASAYAN UDYOG LTD.
	M-4, Aradhana Bhawan, Commercial Complex,
	Azadpur, Delhi-110 033
	Telephone No. : 91-11- 45750100-40
	Telefax : 91- 11- 45750140

CAS NO. Molecular weight

52315078 416.32

2. PHYSICAL & CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical state Colour	Liquid Light Yellow
Emulsion Stability	Stable emulsion for 24 hours (No creaming and no sedimentation)
Acidity (As H ₂ SO ₄)	0.05% max.
Solubility	Miscible with water
Stability	Stable at room temperature for 2 years
Compatibility Odour	Compatible with non –alkaline pesticides Mild odour.
Acidity as H2SO4	Not > 0.15 w/w
Boiling point / range	155 - 180 <i>°</i> C
Melting point / range	Not applicable.
Flash point	61C°
Flammability	Flammable/ > 61C°
Auto ignition	47C°
Oxidising properties	None
Vapour pressure	-2.3 x 10 ⁻⁴ m pa (20c ^o)
Density	0.95 at 20 <i>°</i> C
Water solubility	Emulsifies in water

3. COMPOSITION / INGREDIENTS

Cypermethrin Tech)	
(based on 92% w/w a.i.)	27.000 % w/w
Adjuvants		<u>73.000 % w/w</u>
Total		<u>100.00% w/w</u>

4. HAZARDS INDENTIFICATION

Symptoms of poisoning	Accidental ingestion or large quantities could produce tumours, anxieties and weakness of limbs, nervousness convulsion and allergic manifestation.
Skin burning,	Coetaneous parenthesis may occur including numbness, itching,
	tingling and warmth.
Eyes	Mild irritant.
Inhalation urinary	May cause, after heavy exposure, hypersensitivity, ataxia,
	incontinence.
Ingestion	May cause hypersensitivity, ataxia, urinary incontinence.
Other information Physical/chemical effects	- Flammable product.
Environmental effects	Toxic to aquatic organism.
5. FIRST AID Skin contact	Remove all contaminated clothes and shoes. Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water (15 - 20 minutes). Get medical attention if irritation persists.
Eye contact	Rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice.
Inhalation	Remove from exposure area to fresh air immediately. If breathing has stopped, perform artificial respiration. Keep person warm and at rest. Treat symptomatically and supportively. Get medical attention immediately.
Ingestion	Do not induce vomiting. Remove by gastric lavage and catharsis. Maintain blood pressure and airway. Give oxygen if respiration is depressed. Do not perform gastric lavage if victim is unconscious Get medical attention immediately.
Other information	Treat symptomatically and supportively

Antidote	If ingested, take the patient to hospital and give gastric lavage with care to prevent aspiration. Give symptomatic and supportive treatment. Administer antihistamine in case
	of allergic symptoms occur. Phenobarbital may be used to control nervous symptoms. Treat symptomatically.

6. FIRE AND EXPLOSION DATA

Flash point	47° C or 63° C
Extinguishing media	Dry chemical, carbon dioxide, water spray or standard foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing	High pressure water jet media
Special exposure hazards	Do not release chemically contaminated water into drains, soil and surface waters.
Special protective	As for all fires involving chemicals: chemical protection suit, suitable gloves equipment for fire-fighters and boots, and self-contained breathing apparatus.

7. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions	Use personal protective equipments.	
Method of Cleaning Up	Do no touch spilled material. Stop leak if you can do it without	
	risk. For small spills, take up with sand or other absorbent	
	material and place into containers for later deposal. Move	
	containers from spill area. For larger spills, dike far ahead of	
	spill for later disposal. Keep unnecessary people away. Isolate	
	hazard are and deny entry. Ventilate closed space.	

Environmental Precautions Prevent contamination of water.

8. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling :	Keep product in original tightly closed container. Avoid
	exposure by inhalation. Do not eat, drink or smoke when
	handling. Wash hands before eating, drinking or smoking.
Storage :	Keep in a cool dry place in original packing store under lock
	and key. Keep out of reach of children. Do not store near
	foodstuff. Poultry and domestic animals. Do no load with
	foodstuff while transportation. Check that containers are sound
	and labels undamaged before dispatch.

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9. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/ PERSONAL PROTECTION.

Eye Protection	Wear splash proof or dust resistant safety goggles and face shield.
Hand protection	Rubber impermeable gloves
Respiration	Wear an air respirator or self contained breathing apparatus impervious clothes so as to avoid skin contact.
Skin and body protection	Wear overalls and closed footwear.
Ventilation	Provide local exhaust or general dilution ventilation.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability Conditions to avoid	Stable for 2 years under optimum condition of storage. No special precautions other than good housekeeping of chemicals.
Material to avoid	Strong oxidising agents
Hazardous decomposition	Thermal decomposition products may emit toxic fumes of
	hydrogen cyanide and oxides of carbon and nitrogen.
Incompatibility with other Material	Incompatible with alkaline pesticides

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION (a.i.)

LD ₅₀ Acute Oral	Rat = 321.64 mg/kg b.w. Mice = 269.92 mg/kg b.w.
LD ₅₀ Acute Dermal	Rat = >2000 mg/kg b.w. Rabbit = 2500 mg/kg b.w.
LD ₅₀ Acute Inhalation Skin Irritation Eye Irritation Skin Sensitization	Rat = 3.5 mg/lit. air Rabbit = Slight irritation Rabbit = Slight irritation Weak skin sensitizer.

CHRONIC TOXICITY

2 Years study in Rat	NOEL: 7.5mg/kg
2 Years study in dog	NOEL : 5mg/kg

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION (a.i.)

Bees	Toxic to bees
Birds	Bobwhite Quail $LC_{50} = >20,000 \text{ ppm}$
	Mallard Duck LD_{50} Oral = >4640 mg/kg
The Aquatic Organisms	Daphnia Magna $LD_{50} = >0.0002 \text{ mg/lit}$
(Pitch, Daphnia, Algae	Blue-Green Algac (Nostoc linckia)LC ₅₀ (20H)=20,000 ug/lit.
	Fishes
	Bluegill Sunfish LD_{50} (96H) = 0.0018 mg/lit
	Rainbow Trout LD_{50} (96H) = 0.0082 mg/lit

13. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

UN No.	2902
IMCO Class	6.1
IMDG PG	6219
Packing Group	III
Proper Shipping Name	Pyrethroid pesticide, liquid, toxic, flammable (Cypermethrin
	25% Aromatic solution)
Environmental risk	Marine pollutant

14. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Hazard Symbol	The harmful symbol (Xn)
Risk phrases	R10, R20/22, R43 R51/53, R57
Safety Phrases	S1/2, S13, S20/21, S36/37/39, S29/56

15. DISPOSAL PROCEDURES

Pesticide disposal	Burn in high temperature incinerator with effluent scrubbing or bury in a specially designated landfill. Always dispose of in accordance with local regulations
Container disposal	Contaminated packaging material should be treated as the product.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Cypermethrin is a pyrethroid pesticide of moderate toxicity to mammals. It is readily absorbed from the gastrointestinal tract.

The information contained in this safety date sheet is given in good faith. It is accurate to our best of knowledge and belief and represents the most upto date information. The information given in this data sheet does not constitute or replace the users own assessment of work place risk as required by other health and safety legislation. Jai Shree Rasayan Udyog Ltd. will not be liable for any claims or damages arising out of use of this information.

For JAI SHREE RASAYAN UDYOG LTD.

AUTHORISED SIGNATORY